

**SYNTHESIS AND ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY OF 2-{1'-ARYL-1'-[4''-(2'''-HYDROXY ETHOXY ETHYL) PIPERAZIN-YL]-METHYL}-CYCLOHEXANONE HYDROCHLORIDE**

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**ABSTRACT:**

2-{1'-Aryl-1'-[4''-(2'''-hydroxyethoxy ethyl)piperazin-yl]-methyl}-cyclohexanone hydrochloride (4a-4l) have been synthesized. The products have been assayed for their antimicrobial activity against Gram+ve, Gram-ve bacteria and fungi. All the products were assigned with IR, <sup>1</sup>HNMR, Mass Spectra, TLC, and elemental analysis. Some of the products showed moderate activity, compare with known standard drugs.

**KEYWORD:** Gram+ve, Gram-ve bacteria and fungi.

**INTRODUCTION**

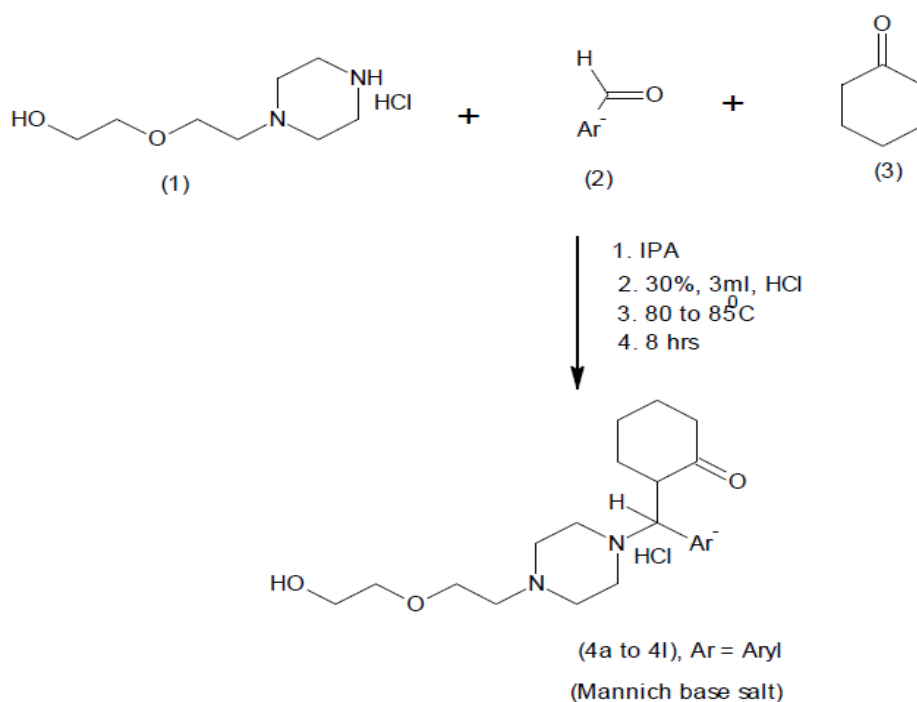
Piperazine derivatives showed a vital role largely due to the wide ranging biological activities. Taking into consideration diverse biodynamic activities such as analgesic<sup>[1]</sup>, antibacterial<sup>[2]</sup>, antidiabetic<sup>[3]</sup>, antifungal<sup>[4]</sup>, antiulcer<sup>[5,6]</sup>, antihistaminic<sup>[7]</sup>, anthlminitic<sup>[8]</sup>, anti-inflammatory<sup>[9]</sup>, antimicrobial<sup>[10]</sup> etc. In this fact to interesting biological activities, it appeared to interest to synthesized some new Mannich bases (4a-4l) have been synthesized by the condensation of 4-(2'-hydroxyethoxy ethyl) piperazine hydrochloride, cyclohexanone with aromatic aldehyde in the presence of hydrochloric acid. All the products (4a-4l) were assigned with IR, <sup>1</sup>HNMR, Mass Spectra, TLC and Elemental analysis. The physical data recorded in Table no: I. Antimicrobial activity recorded in Table no: II and comparable antimicrobial compared with known standard drugs represented in Table no: III.

### ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY

All the products (4a-4l) were tested for their antimicrobial activity by Cup-plate method<sup>11</sup> against the Gram positive Bacteria *Bacillus megaterium*; *S.aureus*, Gram negative bacteria *Escherichia coli*, *S.Taphimarium* and for antifungal activity against *Aspergillus niger*, *Anrobacter awamori* at a concentration of 50µg/ml, using DMF as a solvent. After 24hrs of incubation at 37°C, the zone of inhibition were measured in mm. The activity was compared with known standard drugs viz. Ampicillin, Chloramphenicol, Norfloxacin, Fluconazole at the same concentration (50µg/ml) which is represented in Table no II.

All the synthesized compounds (4a-4l) showed moderate to good and remarkable activities with known standard drugs at same concentration which is represented in Table no III.

### REACTION SCHEME



### EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

All the melting points were measured in open glass capillary method and are uncorrected. IR absorption Spectra (in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) were recorded on a SHIMADZU IR-435 spectrophotometer using KBr pellet method, <sup>1</sup>HNMR spectra on BRUKER (300MHz) spectrometer using  $\text{CDCl}_3$  as internal standard (chemical shift in  $\delta$ ppm) and Mass spectra on a Jeol-JMSD 300 Mass spectrometer at 70ev. The compounds were routinely checked by TLC method using silica gel G.

### Synthesis of 2-{1'-(4'''-Methoxyphenyl)-1'-[4''-(2'''-Hydroxyethoxy ethyl) piperazin-yl]- methyl}-cyclohexanone hydrochloride (4e)

A compound of 4-(2''-Hydroxyethoxy ethyl) piperazine hydrochloride (2.05gm, 0.01m); cyclohexanone (0.98ml, 0.01m); 4-methoxy benzaldehyde (1.36ml, 0.01m); and hydrochloric acid (30%, 3.0ml) were charged in Isopropyl alcohol (10.0ml) solvent. The reaction mixture was refluxed 80-85°C for 8hours. After the completion of reaction Isopropyl alcohol was distilled (6.0ml to 7.0ml) and Acetone was charged (10.0ml). Reaction mixture was refluxed for two hours and cooled to 30- 35°C. The reaction mass was filtered and washed with Acetone (5.0ml) and dried. % Yield: 82.15%; M.P.: 185°C (Required: C:61.90; H:8.21; N:6.57, C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>35</sub>O<sub>4</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Cl; Found: C: 61.70;H:8.11;N:6.42%). IR(KBr)(cm<sup>-1</sup>): 2943 (C-H Str. Asym); 2831(C-H Str. Sym); 1421(C-H Str. Def); 1701 (C=O Str), 3373(C-H Str., aromatic);1148(C-H Str., i.p.def);766(C-H Str., o.o.p def); 1307(C-N Str.); <sup>1</sup>HNMR (δ ppm):2.64-6.82 (8H, d,d-CH<sub>2</sub>);3.18-3.50 (8H,d,-CH<sub>2</sub>);3.87(3H, S.-OCH<sub>3</sub>);6.85-7.06(4H,m, Ar-H); m/z: 85,96,108,115,130,176,194,233,288,330,390, 427.

Similarly other Mannich base salts (4a-4l) have been synthesized. The physical data of compounds represented in Table-I and antimicrobial activity of compounds (4a-4l) have been represented in Table-II and comparable antimicrobial activity represented in Table-III.

**Table I: The physical data of compounds (4a-4l).**

Compound	Ar	Molecular formula	M.P. °C	% Yield	%Nitrogen	
					Calculated	Found
4a	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> -	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O <sub>3</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl	163	79.80	7.08	7.01
4b	2-ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>31</sub> O <sub>3</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	178	72.00	6.50	6.26
4c	4-ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>31</sub> O <sub>3</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	202	71.50	6.50	6.31
4d	4-FC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>31</sub> O <sub>3</sub> N <sub>2</sub> F	210	78.69	6.77	6.52
4e	4-OCH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>35</sub> O <sub>4</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl	185	82.15	6.57	6.42
4f	2,5-(OCH <sub>3</sub> ) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>37</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl	229	79.03	6.13	6.09
4g	3,4-(OCH <sub>3</sub> ) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>37</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl	285	80.00	6.13	6.02
4h	3,4,5-(OCH <sub>3</sub> ) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>39</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl	221	83.83	5.95	5.84
4i	2-OH-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>31</sub> O <sub>4</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl	132	85.07	6.80	6.71
4j	2-NO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>31</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl	199	90.11	9.53	9.47
4k	3-NO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>31</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl	209	91.45	9.53	9.43
4l	4-NO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>31</sub> O <sub>5</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl	239	93.34	9.53	9.40

Table-II.

Compound	Ar.	Antibacterial activity				Antifungal activity	
		Gram +ve bacteria		Gram -ve bacteria			
		<i>B.mega</i>	<i>S.aureus</i>	<i>E.coli</i>	<i>S.Taphimarium</i>	<i>A. niger</i>	<i>A. awamori</i>
4a	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> -	18	20	20	17	17	18
4b	2-ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	15	17	23	21	20	20
4c	4-ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	19	22	21	22	20	17
4d	4-FC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	15	27	15	17	16	16
4e	4-OCH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	17	19	17	20	19	19
4f	2,5-(OCH <sub>3</sub> ) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -	17	18	14	18	18	15
4g	3,4-(OCH <sub>3</sub> ) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -	19	20	17	20	20	18
4h	3,4,5-(OCH <sub>3</sub> ) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -	18	19	20	21	22	20
4i	2-OH-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	13	14	12	15	13	15
4j	2-NO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	12	15	11	17	12	16
4k	3-NO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	14	17	13	13	15	14
4l	4-NO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	16	20	22	19	19	18

Note: Zone of inhibition in mm

Table III: Comparable antimicrobial activity with known standard drugs.

Compound	Maximum antimicrobial activity					
	<i>B.mega</i>	<i>S.aureus</i>	<i>E.coli</i>	<i>S.Taphimarium</i>	<i>A. niger</i>	<i>A. awamori</i>
(4a-4l) (50µg/ml)	4c,4g	4a,4c,4d, 4g,4l	4a,4b,4c,4h, 4l	4b,4c,4e,4g,4h	4b,4c,4e,4g, 4h,4l	4b,4e,4h
Ampicillin 50µg/ml	22	21	20	21	-	-
Chloramphenicol 50µg/ml	21	22	23	20	-	-
Norfloxacin 50µg/ml	23	20	22	21	-	-
Fluconazole 50µg/ml	-	-	-	-	21	21

## CONCLUSION

The compounds 2-{1'-Aryl-1'-[4''-(2'''-Hydroxy ethoxy ethyl) piperazin-yl]-methyl}-cyclohexanone hydrochloride (4a-4l) have been synthesized. Some of the compounds 4b,4c,4e,4g,4h,4l showed good remarkable antibacterial and antifungal activity with compared with known standard drugs e.g: Ampicillin, Chloramphenicol, Norfloxacin and Fluconazole.

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