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Case Study

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STUDY OF EFFICASY OF BRUHAT DHATRYADI KWATH IN MANAGEMENT OF PITTAJ MUTRAKRICCHARA WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO CYSTITIS- A CASE STUDY

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ABSRTACT

Muttrakricchara comes under the disorders of mutravahasrotas and mainly deals with *shool* (pain) and *krichatta* (dysuria) in *muttrakicchra* vitilated pitta dosha along with vata (mainly apan vayu) on reaching to basti affilects the mutravahasrotas due to which the patient feels difficulty in micturition. The above mentioned syomptoms closely resmbeles with urinary tract infection in modern science specifically cystitis.so as a present case study includes study of efficacy of bruhat dhatryadi kwath in management of pittaj mutrakrichhara with special reference to cystitis. A case of pittaj mutrakricchara has been dignosed as per Samhita and Bruhat dhatryadi kwath given orally 40 ml bd

before meal for 15 days and follow up on each 7 days upto month. The study shows significant decrease in symptoms of pittaj mutrakricchara.

KEYWORDS:- *Muttrakricchara*, *Cystitis*, *Bruhat dhartyadi kwath*.

INTRODUCTION

Mutra is an outcome product of digesion of food and metabolisam in body and it passes through urethra. Ayurveda has dealt with many disease of *mutravahasrotas* under the heading of muttrakricchara, mutraghat, mutraashmari.

Mutrakricchara is one of the common and distressing disease among the group of urinary dissorder.

Acharya shusrut has describe 8 types of muttrakricchara^[1] and one of them is pittaj mutrakricchara resembeles with the symptoms of disease cystitis. [2,3] In muttrakricchara vitilated pitta along with vata (mainly apan vayu) on reaching to basti (bladder) afflicts the mutravahasrotas due to which patient feels difficulty in micturition.^[4]

The lakshan of pittaj mutrakricchara like pita mutraprarutti means yellowish discoloration of urine, sadah mutrapravritti means burning sensation during micturition, saruja and muhurmuhur muttrapravritti means dysuria and with increased frequency, sarakta muttrapravritti means hematuria so all the above signs have closely resembeles with signs of cystitis of modern science. [2,3]

In modern science cystitis is treated with antibiotics, antispasmodic, alkalisers which have their own side effects and limitations. The effect may be temporary and patient comes with reccurance. While in Ayurveda we use herbal medicine which can be used by different pathways. They have very less or no side effects on body. Bruhat dhatryadi kwath is described in bhaishajya ratnawali^[5] and its *falashruti* it is described as *mutrakricchara*, rujahar, dahahar hence we can succesfully use it in pittaj mutrakricchara.

Case report

A 29 year old male patient comes to opd of government ayurved college and hospital nanded, Maharashtra with.

Complaints of

- 1) Sadhah muttrapravritti (Burning micturition).
- 2) Muhurmuhur mutrapravritti (frequency of micturition).
- 3) Sarauja mutrapravrutti (dysuria).

Patient is suffering from above symptoms since 1 year intermittently and had used various medicine but did not get relief completely. There is no history of any surgical operative or major illness like diabetes or hyprtension. In systemic examination RS, CVS, CNS no any deformity seen. on per abdominal examination there is mild tenderness present over suprapubic region. In local urinary tract examination external urethral meatus and genitals are normal. The personal history, ashtavidha parikshan, lab investigations are given in table 1, table 2, and table 3 respectively.

Table 1: Personal history.

Name-ABC	Bala -Madyam	Prakritti-Pittavata
Age-29yrs	Nidra- <i>Uttam</i>	BP-110/80mmhg
Sex-male	Addiction-None	Weight-68kg
Marital Status-Married	Appetite-Good	Height-170cm
Occupation-Farmer	Bowel habitRegular	

Table 2: Ashtaviddha parikshan.

Nadi-74/MIN	Shabda-spashta
Mala- Regular	Sparsha-Anushnashit
Mutra-Burning micturition	Druk-Spashta
Jivha-Isahat sama	Akrutti-Madhyam

Table 3: Lab investigations.

Investigation	Before treatment	After treatment	
Bsl(R)	88mg/dl	92mg/dl	
Urine Routine and	Epithelial cell-ocassional	Epithelial cell-absent	
Microscopic	Pus cell-2-3/hpf	Pus cell-2-3/hpf	
USG Abdomen and	Mild diffuse bladder wall	No significant abnormality detected	
Pelvis	thickness s/o cystitis		

MATERIALS

For above case study Bruhat dhatyadi kwath was used which is described in bhaishajya ratnawali. Bruhat dhatyadi kwath contains Dhatri, Draksha, Yashtimadhu, Vidarikand, Gokshur, Darbha, Ekshumool, Hritaki and Sita.^[5]

METHOD

Bruhat dhatryadi kwath orally 40 ml bd before meal for 15 days and follow up on each 7 days upto month.

Kwath is preapread according to sharangadhar Samhita. [6]

Pathyapathta^[7]

- 1) Pathya- Puran shali, yava, mudga, jangala mansrasa, patol, tanduliy, narikel jala, kushmand, khajur, amalki, dadim, ela, sita, godughda etc.
- 2) Apathya- tila, sarshap, masha, kulath, matsya, Shigru, kapitha, amlika, dadhi, hingu, madya, atikatu ras prasdhan ahar.

Subjective criteria for assessment

Criteria	Grade 0	Grade 1	Grade 23r	Grade 3
Hematuria	Absent	No changes in	Changes in urine	Whole urine
		urine only	with plenty of	stained with
		microscopic	RBC	blood with
		changes		plenty of RBC
Pain during	Absent	Mild pain	Moderate pain	Severe pain with
micturation		without	with mild	severe
		suprapubic	suprapubic	suprapubic
		tenderness	tenderness	tenderness
Burning	Absent	mild	Moderate	Severe
micturation				>1hrs
Frequency of	6-8times	9-10times/day	10-15times/day	>15 times day
micturation	/day			

OBSERVATION

Criteria	0 th day	7 th day	15 th day	30 th day
Frequency	12	10	7	6
Burning	Severe	mild	Mild	No
Suprapubic	Mild	no	No	No
Tenderness				

RESULT AND DISSCUSSION

Patient has relived from above complaints like burning micturition, frequency, suprapubic tenderness within follow up period of 1 month. In USG report cystitis observed before 1 month which was totally absent after treatment. No adeverse effects seen during the course of study.

The drugs used in *bruhat dhatyadi kwath* except *haritaki* has "*sheet*" virya which directely acted on vitilated *pitta dosha* in *pittaj mutrakrichhara*, *haritaki* though has "*ushna*" virya but has *madhur vipak* hence didn't vitilate pitta but act as *agnideepak* and *pachak* drug hence effect of *bruhat dhatryadi kwath* is more efficient in *pittaj mutrakrichhra*.

CONCLUSION

The ayurved treatment protocol of oral use of *bruhat dhatryadi kwath* in oral form is effective in management of *pittaj mutrakricchara*. the limitation of study is single case study and need to be studied in more number for its concrete conclusion.

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